# Audited Financial Statements and Other Supplementary Information

Washtenaw Community College

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 with Report of Independent Auditors



# Audited Financial Statements and Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

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#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Introduction to the Financials**

The discussion and analysis of Washtenaw Community College's (the College) financial statements provide an overview of the College's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2024. Management has prepared the financial statements and the related footnote disclosures along with the discussion and analysis. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the College's administration.

#### **Using this Report**

The College's annual financial report includes the report of independent auditors, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, notes to financial statements, and supplementary information.

These statements are organized so the reader can understand the College financially as a whole. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for Public Colleges and Universities and GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units.

These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector institutions. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are recognized as incurred.

# <u>The Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position</u>

Excluding the impact of GASB Statements 68 and 75, the College's net position increased by approximately \$21.2 million, or 10.0 percent for the year ended June 30, 2024. Of this change, unrestricted net position increased \$23.1 million. The amount invested in capital assets decreased by approximately \$1.9 million, as \$6.6 million in new asset purchases, net of disposals, and \$0.9 million in principal debt reductions, net of new subscription based information technology arrangement (SBITA) obligations, were offset by \$9.4 million in depreciation and amortization expense, net of disposals.

The College's financial position continues to be impacted significantly by GASB Statements 68 and 75. The College's overall net position increased approximately \$39.6 million during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, which includes a positive \$18.4 million impact due to the recording of net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liabilities per GASB Statements 68 and 75.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

# Year Ended June 30, 2024

The College's net liabilities for pension and OPEB costs decreased \$34.5 million, from \$151.7 million to \$117.2 million as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, respectively. The decreased liability was due to plan performance. The College's total assets at fiscal year-end were \$253.8 million, an increase of 8.9 percent or \$20.8 million. The change is primarily due to the increase in current assets resulting from investing surplus cash awaiting upcoming capital projects.

The following is a comparison of the major components of the net position of the College as of June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022:

# **Net Position as of June 30 (in thousands)**

	202	24	202	3		2022
Assets						
Current assets	\$ 69	,470	\$ 53,	680	\$	56,809
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets, net	147	,108	149,	856		151,013
Investments	37	,174	29,	439		17,132
Total assets	253	,752	232,	975		224,954
Deferred outflows of resources	40	,348	52,	231		27,094
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	16	,761	16,	132		18,412
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension & OPEB liabilities	117	,180	151,	690		106,735
Other	3	,635	4,	688		5,670
Total liabilities	137	,576	172,	510		130,817
Deferred inflows of resources	52	,992	48,	730		77,540
Net Position						
Invested in capital assets	141	,523	143,	473		143,692
Unrestricted (deficit) net position:						
Net pension & OPEB deficits	(129	,982)	(148,	400)	(1	57,442)
Other unrestricted	`	,991	68,			57,441
Total net position	\$ 103	,532	\$ 63,	966	\$	43,691

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

Internally, the College accounts for its activities using fund accounting, which is then reorganized into operating and nonoperating components for the audited financial statements. Due to the significance of the variances generated by the GASB 68 and 75 entries, and the related pension and OPEB expense resulting from the State of Michigan contributions to the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) retirement plan, Operating Expenses are displayed below with those items shown separately from other College operating expenses.

Following is a comparison of the major components of operating results of the College for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022:

# **Operating Results for the Year Ended June 30 (in thousands)**

	2024	2023	2022
<b>Operating Revenues</b>	\$ 47,789	\$ 42,126	\$ 38,022
<b>Operating Expenses</b>			
MPSERS – restricted & GASB 68/75	(15,374)	(13,263)	(12,398)
Operating expenses – all other	145,256	138,176	138,202
	129,882	124,913	125,804
Operating Loss	(82,093)	(82,787)	(87,782)
<b>Nonoperating Revenues</b>	117,619	101,912	110,393
Income before Other	35,526	19,125	22,611
Other Revenues	4,040	1,150	1,150
Increase in Net Position	39,566	20,275	23,761
Net Position			
Beginning of year	63,966	43,691	19,729
Implementation of GASB 96	_	-	201
Adjusted beginning of year net position	63,966	43,691	19,930
End of year	\$ 103,532	\$ 63,966	\$ 43,691

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Operating Revenues**

Operating revenues include tuition and fees, federal grants, state grants, private gifts, and contracts. Certain federal, state, and private grants are considered operating if they are not for capital purposes and are considered a contract for services.

The following table shows operating revenues by source for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022:

	2024		20	)23	2022		
	\$ in 000's	% of total	\$ in 000's	% of total	\$ in 000's	% of total	
Tuition and fees	\$ 28,641	60%	\$ 26,820	64%	\$ 25,282	66%	
Grants and contracts	5,631	12%	3,838	9%	3,877	10%	
Auxiliary services	4,693	10%	4,210	10%	3,237	9%	
Other sources	8,824	18%	7,258	17%	5,626	15%	
	\$ 47,789		\$ 42,126		\$ 38,022		

#### Fiscal Year 2024

For the College as a whole, total operating revenue increased by 13.4 percent or \$5.7 million.

Significant changes included the following:

- Student tuition and fees revenue increased 6.8 percent or \$1.8 million compared to the prior year. The College increased all of its tuition rates by 4 percent during fiscal year 2024. Additionally, combined total credit hours for the College's Fall and Winter semesters increased approximately 0.8 percent compared to the prior year.
- Grants and contracts increased 46.7 percent or \$1.8 million compared to the prior year. The increase stems primarily from the commencement of the Southeast Michigan Mobility POWER Project which experienced approximately \$1.0 million of receipts and expenditures in the initial grant year. Additionally, the College received and expended a grant for critical incident mapping from the State of Michigan in the amount of \$0.2 million. The College also saw increased activity on its Detroit Drives Degrees Community College Collaborative grant. Revenue and expenditures on this grant increased by \$0.4 million over the prior year.
- Auxiliary services revenue increased by 11.5 percent, or \$0.5 million. This increase stems from the continued increase of new members and return of previous members to the Health and Fitness Center at the College. While the center was reopened in September 2020, the center continues to rebuild its membership due to the significant impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Other sources revenue increased by 21.6 percent, or \$1.6 million. The College's conference center experienced continued revenue growth in the amount of \$0.8 million as compared to the prior year. The College also partners with a number of trade organizations which offer

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

their annual instructor training programs on the College's campus in the summer months. The demand for these programs continues to expand and as a result, the College experienced revenue growth of \$0.3 million related to these programs. The College also realized an increase of \$0.3 million of overhead and indirect cost recovery across its various grants as compared to the prior fiscal year.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

For the College as a whole, total operating revenue increased by 10.8 percent or \$4.1 million.

Significant changes included the following:

- Student tuition and fees revenue increased 6.1 percent or \$1.5 million compared to the prior year. While credit hours for the College's Fall and Winter semesters decreased 1.6 percent and 1.0 percent, respectively, compared to the prior year, these decreases were largely offset by an increase in the College's infrastructure fee from \$10 to \$15 per credit hour. Increased on-campus enrollment had a profound impact on contact hour fee revenue which increased \$0.5 million or 33.3 percent from the prior year.
- Auxiliary services revenue increased by 30.0 percent, or \$1.0 million. This increase stems from the continued increase of new members and return of previous members to the Health and Fitness Center at the College. While the center was reopened in September 2020, the center continues to rebuild its membership due to the significant impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Other sources revenue increased by 29.0 percent, or \$1.6 million. The College's conference center reopened in July 2022 after closing during the pandemic and then underwent a major renovation. New revenue generated by the conference center totaled \$0.6 million for fiscal year 2023. Additionally, the College partners with a number of trade organizations which offer their annual instructor training programs on the College's campus in the summer months. The demand for these programs continues to expand and as a result the College experienced revenue growth of \$1.2 million or 30.0 percent related to these programs.

#### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses are all the costs necessary to perform, conduct, and support academic programs, student services and community activities. They include salaries and benefits, utilities, supplies, services, and depreciation and are then categorized by function. For this financial report, the different funds of the College are netted and interfund activities are eliminated. While the impact of GASB Statements 68 and 75 is allocated across the functional classifications within the financial statements, for purposes of this discussion GASB 68 and 75 expenses are excluded from the functional expense classifications and are presented separately.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following table shows operating expenses by function for the institution as a whole at June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

	20	2024		23	2022			
	\$ in 000's	% of total	\$ in 000's	% of total	\$ in 000's	% of total		
Instruction	\$ 51,478	40%	\$ 51,091	41%	\$ 47,918	38%		
Technology	8,775	7%	8,623	7%	8,313	7%		
Public Service	5,689	5%	5,251	4%	4,322	3%		
<b>Instructional Support</b>	14,754	11%	13,909	11%	13,673	11%		
Student Services and								
Student Aid	24,759	19%	22,605	18%	29,033	23%		
Institutional								
Administration	13,318	10%	11,962	10%	12,460	10%		
Physical Plant								
Operations	15,971	12%	14,827	12%	14,178	11%		
Depreciation and								
Amortization	10,512	8%	9,908	8%	8,305	7%		
GASB 68/75	(15,374)	-12%	(13,263)	-11%	(12,398)	-10%		
	\$129,882		\$124,913		\$125,804			

#### Fiscal Year 2024

During fiscal year 2024, institution-wide operating expenses increased 4.0 percent, or \$5.0 million.

- The Public Service function increased by \$0.4 million or 8.3 percent. \$0.2 million of this increase was experienced in the auxiliary fund due to continued membership growth at the Health and Fitness Center at the College. The additional increase in Public Service expenditures was due to the increased usage of the conference center at the College.
- Instructional Support increased by \$0.8 million or 6.1 percent. For the most part, this increase related to additional expenditures on personnel across a number of departments.
- Student Services and Student Aid increased \$2.2 million, or 9.5 percent. Student aid within the restricted fund increased \$1.6 million which pertains almost entirely to an increase in Pell grants. An additional growth of \$0.6 million was recognized in the general fund. The largest portion of the general fund increase, \$0.2 million, pertained to an increase in the College's institutional financial aid with the remainder of the increase stemming from additional expenditures on personnel across a number of departments.
- Instructional Administration increased \$1.4 million, or 11.3 percent. The main cause of this growth was an increase in bad debt expense of \$0.5 million. The remaining increase in Institutional Administration was spread across most departments and was primarily related to a growth of personnel costs.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

- Physical Plant Operations increased \$1.1 million, or 7.7 percent, of which \$0.1 million related to an increase in utility costs. The remainder of the increase stems from additional expenditures on personnel across a number of departments.
- Depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$0.6 million, or 6.1 percent. This increase was primarily due to an increase in capital equipment with estimated useful lives in the range of three to five years.
- A decrease in the combined GASB 68 pension expense and GASB 75 OPEB expense of \$2.1 million, or 15.9 percent, was recognized in fiscal year 2024. The decrease was primarily a result of differences between expected and actual experience of the MPSERS pension plan investments.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

During fiscal year 2023, institution-wide operating expenses decreased 0.7 percent, or \$0.9 million.

- Instruction expenditures increased \$3.2 million or 6.6 percent. \$2.7 million of this increase came in the restricted fund and pertained to an allocated portion of a one-time supplemental MPSERS UAAL Stabilization payment received from the State of Michigan.
- The Public Service classification increased by \$0.9 million or 21.5 percent. \$0.5 million of this increase was experienced in the auxiliary fund due to continued membership growth at the Health and Fitness Center at the College. The additional increase in Public Service expenditures was due to the reopening of the conference center at the College.
- Student Services and Student Aid decreased \$6.4 million, or 22.1 percent. Student aid within the restricted fund decreased \$7.9 million which pertains entirely to emergency grants provided to students from the American Rescue Plan Act within the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund during fiscal year 2022. This grant was largely complete in the prior fiscal year. Offsetting some of this decrease was a \$1.6 million increase to Student Services and Student Aid within the general fund. For the most part, this increase related to additional expenditures on personnel across a number of departments.
- Physical Plant Operations increased \$0.6 million, or 4.6 percent, of which the largest factor was an increase in utility costs.
- Depreciation and amortization expense increased by \$1.6 million, or 19.3 percent. This increase was due to the completion of the Morris Lawrence Building and Great Lakes Regional Training Center renovation projects early in fiscal year 2023 and the commencement of these projects' depreciation.
- A decrease in the combined GASB 68 pension expense and GASB 75 OPEB expense of \$0.9 million, or 7.0 percent, was recognized in fiscal year 2023. The decrease was primarily a result of differences between expected and actual experience of the MPSERS pension plan investments.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

# **Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)**

The following table shows net non-operating revenues (expenses) for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022:

				Change 024 to		hange 023 to
	 2024	2023		2023	2022	2022
			\$ i	n 000's		
Pell Grant Award	\$ 14,231	\$ 12,660	\$	1,571	\$ 12,107	\$ 553
Federal Grant – HEERF student	-	24		(24)	8,187	(8,163)
Federal Grant – HEERF institutional	-	28		(28)	8,267	(8,239)
State appropriations	30,062	23,168		6,894	22,362	806
Property taxes	69,008	64,786		4,222	61,260	3,526
Investment and interest income	4,018	2,381		1,637	533	1,848
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	587	(891)		1,478	(1,767)	876
Loss on disposal of assets	(55)	-		(55)	(306)	306
Interest on capital asset – related debt	 (232)	(244)		12	(250)	6
	\$ 117,619	\$ 101,912	\$	15,707	\$ 110,393	\$ (8,481)

# Fiscal Year 2024

Net non-operating revenues increased by \$15.7 million, or 15.4 percent. Significant variance items include the following:

- Federal Pell Grant revenue increased by 12.4 percent, or \$1.6 million. This increase was due to an approximate 2.1 percent increase in the number of students awarded a Pell Grant combined with an approximate 9.3 percent increase in the average Pell Award.
- State Appropriations increased by 29.8 percent, or \$6.9 million. Within the general fund, appropriations from the State of Michigan increased \$2.3 million along with an increase of \$0.4 million from the Local Community Stabilization Authority. Across the restricted and the pension and OPEB liability funds, the College experienced a \$4.2 million increase in State Appropriations due to a large one-time payment received from the State of Michigan for MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) Stabilization in the prior fiscal year and recognized in the current fiscal year.
- Local government (property) taxes increased by 6.5 percent, or \$4.2 million, due to increased taxable values throughout the county.
- Interest and investment income grew by \$1.6 million due primarily to the College carrying a higher balance of invested funds throughout the year as compared to prior years.
- The College recognized an unrealized gain on investments of \$0.6 million; an increase of \$1.5 million as compared to the unrealized loss on investments of \$0.9 million recorded in fiscal

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

year 2023. The College invests its surplus monies in interest-bearing instruments. Changes in the interest rates available in the marketplace, relative to the interest rates attached to the instruments in the College's investment portfolio, have impacted the market value of the portfolio significantly over the past three years. Historically, the College has held its investments until maturity, thus negating the impact of these market adjustments over time.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

Net non-operating revenues decreased by \$8.5 million. Significant variance items include the following:

- Federal Pell Grant revenue increased by 4.6 percent, or \$0.6 million. This increase was due to an increase in the average Pell Award.
- Federal HEERF Grants decreased by \$16.4 million. This grant was awarded to the College to
  defray costs associated with the COVID-19 pandemic and transitioning to online courses as
  well as to provide financial support to WCC students in the form of emergency grants. The
  decrease in fiscal year 2023 resulted from the College closing out its grant early in the fiscal
  year.
- State Appropriations increased by 3.6 percent, or \$0.8 million, as appropriations from the State of Michigan increased \$0.3 million along with an increase of \$0.5 million from the Local Community Stabilization Authority.
- Local government (property) taxes increased by 5.8 percent, or \$3.5 million, due to increased taxable values throughout the county.
- Interest and investment income grew by \$1.8 million due primarily to increased yields in the interest rate environment. The College also carried a higher balance of invested funds throughout the year as compared to prior years.
- The College recognized an unrealized loss on investments of \$0.9 million; a decrease of \$0.9 million as compared to the unrealized loss on investments of \$1.8 million recorded in fiscal year 2022. The College invests its surplus monies in interest-bearing instruments. Changes in the interest rates available in the marketplace, relative to the interest rates attached to the instruments in the College's investment portfolio, have impacted the market value of the portfolio significantly over the past three years. Historically, the College has held its investments until maturity, thus negating the impact of these market adjustments over time.

#### **Other Revenue**

During fiscal year 2024, the College received a \$4.0 million appropriation from the State of Michigan for Infrastructure, Technology, Equipment, and Maintenance funding. In fiscal year 2024 and 2023, the College recognized \$0.1 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, as a capital grant. These amounts represent proceeds received from the United Association of Plumbers and Pipefitters to share in the renovation costs of the Great Lakes Regional Training Center.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following table shows net other revenues for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022:

	 2024	2023	Change 2024 to 2023	2022	202	ange 23 to 022
			\$ in 000's			
State capital appropriations	\$ 3,950	\$ -	\$ 3,950	\$ -	\$	_
Capital grants	 90	1,150	(1,060)	1,150		_
	\$ 4,040	\$ 1,150	\$ 2,890	\$ 1,150	\$	-

# **Statement of Cash Flows**

Another way to assess the financial health of the College is to look at the statement of cash flows. Its primary purpose is to provide relevant information about the cash receipts and cash payments of an entity during a period. The statement of cash flows also helps users assess:

- An entity's ability to generate future net cash flows
- Its ability to meet its obligations as they come due
- Its needs for external financing

#### **Cash Flows for the Year Ended June 30 (in thousands)**

			Change		Change
	2024	2023	2024 to 2023	2022	2023 to 2022
		(	§ in 000's		
Cash and Cash Equivalents					
(Used in) Provided by:					
Operating activities	\$ (87,063)	\$ (85,970)	\$ (1,093)	\$ (91,499)	\$ 5,529
Noncapital financing activities	109,932	110,091	(159)	118,451	(8,360)
Capital and related financing					
activities	(4,859)	(11,830)	6,971	(17,209)	5,379
Investing activities	(23,902)	(6,579)	(17,323)	(2,496)	(4,083)
Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash					
and Cash Equivalents	(5,892)	5,712	(11,604)	7,247	(1,535)
Cash and Cash Equivalents –					
Beginning of year	26,443	20,731	5,712	13,484	7,247
Cash and Cash Equivalents –					
End of year	\$ 20,551	\$ 26,443	\$ (5,892)	\$ 20,731	\$ 5,712

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Fiscal Year 2024

Cash flows decreased \$5.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2024. The first two categories, Operating and Noncapital Financing activities reflect the basic operations of the College. These activities, which include tuition revenue, as well as property tax revenue and state appropriations, net of operating expenses, generated approximately \$22.9 million in cash flows during fiscal year 2024. This net cash flow, along with capital appropriation receipts of \$4.0 million, then financed \$6.6 million of investments in capital assets and \$2.3 million of debt reduction and related interest. As the College continues to execute both its long-term and short-term investment strategy, an additional \$23.9 million was allocated to investments in fiscal year 2024. The College invests in a wide variety of interest-bearing vehicles maximizing investment returns with minimal increase in risk.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

Cash flows increased \$5.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2023. The first two categories, Operating and Noncapital Financing activities reflect the basic operations of the College. These activities, which include tuition revenue, as well as property tax revenue and state appropriations, net of operating expenses, generated approximately \$24.1 million in cash flows during fiscal year 2023. This net cash flow then financed \$9.6 million of investments in capital assets and \$2.2 million of debt reduction and related interest. As the College continues to execute both its long-term and short-term investment strategy, an additional \$6.6 million was allocated to investments in fiscal year 2023. The College invests in a wide variety of interest-bearing vehicles maximizing investment returns with minimal increase in risk.

# **Supplementary Information**

Immediately following the footnotes to the financial statements are four additional schedules of required supplementary information and two statements of other supplementary information. The Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of College Pension Contributions are related to GASB 68. The Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and the Schedule of the College's Other Postemployment Benefits Contributions are related to GASB 75. All four of these schedules reflect the College's participation in the MPSERS retirement plan. The Combining Statement of Net Position and Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, Transfers, and Changes in Net Position show the breakdown of the College's financial information into the various fund types which the College uses to manage its activities. The GASB 68 and GASB 75 entries are combined and reflected in a separate column labeled, Pension & OPEB Liabilities Fund, in order to provide a clearer picture of the impact of this significant activity. The College accounts for its primary programs and operations in its General Fund. The General Fund is primarily financed through the following sources of revenue - tuition and fees, local government taxes, state (aid) appropriations, and other sources, including investment income. For this report, these sources of revenue are classified as both operating and non-operating.

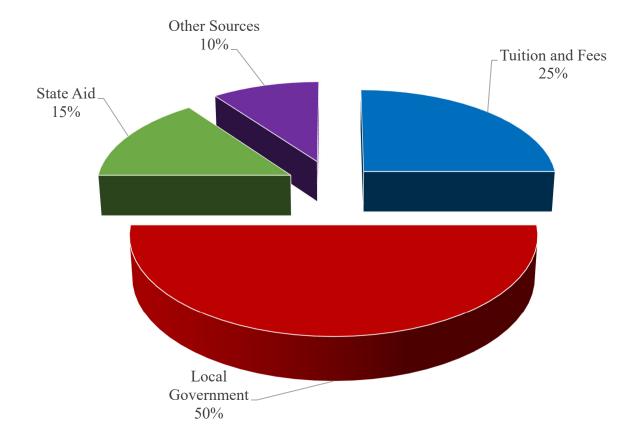
# Management's Discussion and Analysis

# Year Ended June 30, 2024

General Fund expenditures are classified by functional area and include both personnel and direct expenditures. Personnel and related expenditures accounted for approximately 75.0 percent of the General Fund operating expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The following charts show the percentage of revenues, by source, and the percentage of expenses, by function, as they were reported in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024.

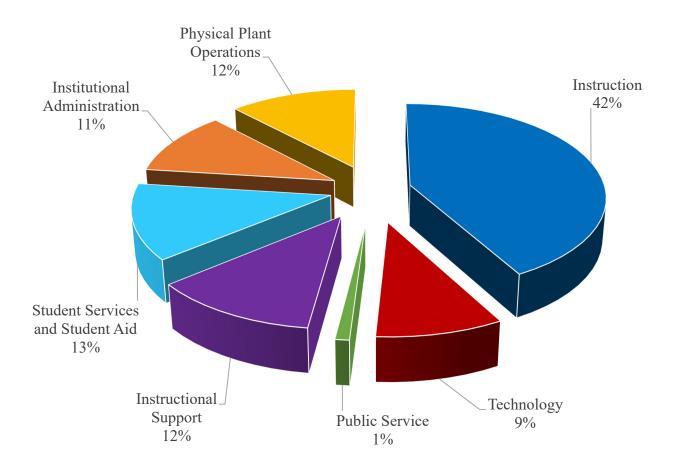
# General Fund Revenues - By Source



# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

# General Fund Expenses - By Function



#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

# Capital Assets

#### Fiscal Year 2024

At June 30, 2024, the College had \$147.1 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of approximately \$167.9 million. Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$10.5 million for the 2024 fiscal year.

Major capital projects in progress at June 30, 2024, is as follows:

- Wireless upgrades
- Security camera system upgrades

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Fiscal Year 2023

At June 30, 2023, the College had \$149.9 million invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of approximately \$158.5 million. Depreciation and amortization charges totaled \$9.9 million for the 2023 fiscal year.

Major capital projects in progress at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

- Wireless upgrades
- Occupational Education Building HVAC upgrades

#### Debt

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the College had \$3.5 million and \$4.5 million, respectively, outstanding in general obligation bonds. In March 2015, the College took advantage of the existing low interest rate environment and refinanced its outstanding long-term debt obligations. The impact of the refinancing will result in savings of approximately \$1.5 million over the remaining life of the bonds, from the point of refunding. Footnote 7 to these financial statements discusses the transaction in greater detail.

#### **Economic Factors that Will Affect the Future**

While students continue to return to on-campus classes, a large portion still take online courses. Online courses present both a risk and an opportunity. Tuition rates are often lower for online courses. However, online courses allow the College to reach students that otherwise would not take courses on campus. In that respect, the College has become even stronger in terms of its ability to serve its students' needs. Statewide, the number of high school graduates is slowly declining. This trend is expected to continue into the foreseeable future and could impact tuition and fee revenues. As such, the College is pursuing adult learners and other groups to mitigate this trend in high school graduates. The College's proficiency in the delivery of online coursework will help it serve the targeted nontraditional students.

Other economic uncertainties remain, such as inflation and its impact on the College's expenses and enrollment over the long term. As such, the College will be required to maintain financial flexibility to maintain a balanced budget.

Nationally, community colleges continue to be at the forefront due to affordable tuition rates and responsive curriculum. However, even with the relatively low cost for education, our students still greatly rely on federal and state aid and loans to fund their educational pursuit. In fiscal year 2024, WCC students received in excess of \$32 million in federal and state funding to support the cost of their education at WCC, which is approximately \$2 million more than in fiscal year 2023. To the extent that these funding sources could change due to future legislation, this may impact students' ability pursue their education.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

WCC is committed to providing quality, affordable education for our credit and non-credit students, while also serving as a resource for our entire community. Ongoing efforts to maintain low operating costs and to pursue external funding sources have allowed the College to offer outstanding programs at affordable tuition rates.

The College counts on the strong support of the citizens and business leaders of Washtenaw County. The health of the local economy has provided a consistent source of funding to the College through local property tax revenues. Revenue from property taxes is expected to increase in the upcoming year as property values in Washtenaw County continue to improve.

State funding continues to account for approximately 15 percent of the College's annual operating budget. The College continues to perform well against state performance metrics. However, state funding is constantly threatened by various legislative initiatives which include potential restriction of use of the state School Aid Fund.

MPSERS, the state-run pension fund in which many of the College's employees participate, continues to be a significant cost to the College. Per MPSERS' annual comprehensive financial report as of September 30, 2023, the combined unfunded actuarial accrued liability for pensions and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB/Healthcare") for MPSERS is \$32 billion. As of September 30, 2022, the combined unfunded actuarial liability for pensions and OPEB was \$40 billion. This decrease of 21 percent in the combined unfunded accrued liability for pensions and OPEB stems primarily from investment returns outperforming expectations. accounting standards for pensions (GASB 68), and OPEB (GASB 75), the College's financial statements reflect liabilities totaling \$117.2 million as of June 30, 2024, its proportionate share of the unfunded pension and OPEB liabilities. The State has continued to address this funding obligation by increasing the level of mandatory contributions by the College to MPSERS on behalf of its plan participants. Since 2013, the State has also provided additional restricted funding to the College to supplement the College's contribution to MPSERS. That supplemental State funding has more than doubled since 2014 and is absorbing a larger portion of the State budget. As a result, the State passed a new MPSERS reform law in July 2017 in a further attempt to reduce the potential for continued growth in these unfunded liabilities. The new plan structure encourages new plan members to select the defined contribution (DC) plan over the traditional defined benefit (DB) plan with more generous employer contributions to the DC plan and higher employee contributions to the DB plan.



# ANDREWS HOOPER PAVLIK PLC



5300 GRATIOT ROAD | SAGINAW, MI 48638

# Report of Independent Auditors

To the Board of Trustees Washtenaw Community College Ann Arbor, Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Washtenaw Community College (College), and the Washtenaw Community College Foundation (Foundation), a discretely presented component unit of the College, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Washtenaw Community College and its discretely presented component unit, Washtenaw Community College Foundation as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and Washtenaw Community College's cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statements date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plans and related notes, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 12, 2024, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

andrews Looper Favlik PLC

Saginaw, Michigan September 12, 2024

# Statements of Net Position

	June 30	)
	2024	2023
Assets		-
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$</b> 20,551,364 <b>\$</b>	26,442,820
Investments	38,523,640	17,829,315
Property taxes receivable, net	114,644	116,887
State appropriations receivable	4,628,550	4,035,325
Accounts receivable, net	4,456,250	4,138,464
Accrued interest receivable	308,163	230,187
Inventories	178,871	260,042
Prepaid and other assets	708,068	626,487
Total current assets	69,469,550	53,679,527
Noncurrent assets:		
Investments	37,173,699	29,439,360
Capital assets, net	147,108,431	149,855,783
Total noncurrent assets	184,282,130	179,295,143
Total assets	253,751,680	232,974,670
2002 00000	200,701,000	252,571,670
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred charge on refunding	158,300	211,356
Deferred OPEB amounts	7,077,603	10,140,291
Deferred pension amounts	33,112,596	41,879,385
Total deferred outflows of resources	40,348,499	52,231,032
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	3,210,761	3,227,126
Accrued payroll and withholdings	4,838,680	4,450,842
Accrued vacation	2,684,927	2,481,338
Accrued interest payable	57,639	70,846
Deposits	375,733	399,010
Unearned revenue	3,485,161	3,596,319
Bonds payable, current portion	1,149,958	1,127,689
Subscription-based information technology	1,115,550	1,127,000
arrangements, current portion	852,339	680,058
Lease obligation, current portion	105,993	99,164
Total current liabilities	16,761,191	16,132,392
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable, net of current portion	2,380,785	3,530,744
Net OPEB liability	(2,135,407)	
Net OFEB hability  Net pension liability		8,184,018
±	119,315,642	143,505,933
Subscription-based information technology	024 702	721 002
arrangements, net of current portion	934,703	731,082
Lease obligation, net of current portion  Total noncurrent liabilities	319,718	425,711
Total liabilities	120,815,441 137,576,632	156,377,488 172,509,880
1 S. M. 1	10.,0.0,002	1,2,20,,000
Deferred inflows of resources	<b>A</b> 0.220.072	01.111.071
Deferred OPEB amounts	20,338,862	21,111,070
Deferred pension amounts	32,652,769	27,619,018
Total deferred inflows of resources	52,991,631	48,730,088
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	141,523,235	143,472,691
Unrestricted deficit	(37,991,319)	(79,506,957)
Total net position	<b>\$</b> 103,531,916 <b>\$</b>	63,965,734

# Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

	Year Ended June 30				
	2024	2023			
Operating revenues					
Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowance of					
\$5,953,632 in 2024 (\$5,683,605 in 2023)	\$ 28,640,679	\$ 26,820,394			
Federal grants and contracts	4,041,765	2,797,030			
State grants and contracts	978,060	883,095			
Private grants and contracts	610,688	157,450			
Sales and services of educational activities	180,941	167,618			
Auxiliary services	4,692,718	4,209,833			
Other sources	8,643,653	7,090,395			
Total operating revenues	47,788,504	42,125,815			
Operating expenses					
Instruction	42,358,178	43,073,891			
Technology	8,775,099	8,623,130			
Public service	5,610,648	5,208,311			
Instructional support	12,910,980	12,242,749			
Student services and student aid	23,106,488	21,277,199			
Institutional administration	12,605,865	11,418,091			
Physical plant operations	14,002,846	13,161,051			
Depreciation and amortization	10,511,619	9,908,008			
Total operating expenses	129,881,723	124,912,430			
Operating loss	(82,093,219)	(82,786,615)			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Federal grant - Pell award	14,231,217	12,660,189			
Federal grant - HEERF	-	52,188			
State appropriations	30,062,447	23,168,041			
Property taxes	69,007,471	64,786,264			
Investment and interest income	4,018,173	2,380,961			
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	586,953	(891,337)			
Loss on disposal of assets	(54,722)	-			
Interest on capital asset - related debt	(232,153)	(244,516)			
Net nonoperating revenues	117,619,386	101,911,790			
Income before other revenues	35,526,167	19,125,175			
Other revenues					
State capital appropriations	3,949,900	-			
Capital grants	90,115	1,150,000			
Total other revenues	4,040,015	1,150,000			
Change in net position	39,566,182	20,275,175			
Net position, beginning of year	63,965,734	43,690,559			
Net position, end of year	\$ 103,531,916	\$ 63,965,734			

# Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended June 30			
		2024		2023
Cash flaves from anausting activities				
Cash flows from operating activities  Tuition and fees	\$	28,202,682	\$	27,384,748
Grants and contracts	J	5,532,933	Ф	3,855,311
Payments to suppliers and students		(40,957,156)		(35,819,722)
Payments to suppliers and students  Payments to employees				(92,690,914)
Other		(93,178,199)		
		13,336,371		11,300,228
Net cash used in operating activities		(87,063,369)		(85,970,349)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Federal grant - Pell award		14,212,151		12,674,804
Federal grant - HEERF		-		5,697,417
Property tax		69,009,714		64,781,943
State appropriations		26,424,727		27,180,616
Federal Direct Student Loan receipts		14,244,556		14,260,303
Federal Direct Student Loan disbursements		(13,959,315)		(14,503,576)
External scholarships and grant receipts		3,537,748		3,802,517
External scholarships and grant disbursements		(3,537,748)		(3,802,517)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		109,931,833		110,091,507
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Purchases of capital assets		(6,607,957)		(10,736,909)
Principal paid on capital debt, SBITAs, and leases		(2,056,869)		(1,961,076)
Capital grant and appropriation receipts		4,061,414		1,150,000
Interest paid on capital debt, SBITAs, and leases		(254,994)		(281,991)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(4,858,406)		(11,829,976)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		104,490,000		98,297,000
Interest on investments		1,455,560		851,645
Purchase of investments		(129,847,074)		(105,727,888)
Net cash used in investing activities		(23,901,514)		(6,579,243)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(5,891,456)		5,711,939
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		26,442,820		20,730,881
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	20,551,364	\$	26,442,820
		, ,	•	, ,- •
Noncash information				
SBITAs and lease obligations arising from obtaining				
right-of-use assets	\$	1,268,607	\$	1,052,459

# Statements of Cash Flows (continued)

	Year Ended June 30				
		2024		2023	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net					
cash used in operating activities	•	(00.000.010)	Φ	(02.70(.(15)	
Operating loss	\$	(82,093,219)	\$	(82,786,615)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash					
used in operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		10,511,619		9,908,008	
Bad debts		824,008		338,302	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		ŕ			
that (used) provided cash:					
Accounts receivable		(1,429,368)		(898,085)	
Inventories, prepaid and other assets		(410)		(40,460)	
Accounts payable		41,210		318,560	
Accrued payroll and other compensation		591,427		(527,564)	
Unearned revenue		(111,158)		974,255	
Deposits		(23,277)		6,317	
Net pension and OPEB liability					
and deferred amounts		(15,374,201)		(13,263,067)	
Cash used in operating activities	\$	(87,063,369)	\$	(85,970,349)	

# Foundation Statements of Financial Position

	June 30			
		2024		2023
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	433,968	\$	424,613
Contributions receivable, net of discount and allowance		123,428		105,820
Revolving loan fund receivable		10,802		10,802
Investments		36,655,852		30,948,229
Investments held under split-interest agreements		112,229		102,310
Beneficial interest in charitable remainder trust		567,350		533,263
Total assets	\$	37,903,629	\$	32,125,037
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities Accounts and grants payable Revolving loan fund advance Split-interest agreements payable	\$	3,678 100,000 16,613	\$	2,795 100,000 17,070
Total liabilities		120,291		119,865
Net assets				
Without donor restrictions:		140.241		140.241
Board designated		148,341		148,341
Undesignated		2,557,469		2,051,591
With donor restrictions		35,077,528		29,805,240
Total net assets		37,783,338		32,005,172
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	37,903,629	\$	32,125,037

# Foundation Statements of Activities

	Year Ended June 30			
		2024	2023	
Revenue, gains, and other support				
Contributions	\$	2,317,140	\$	1,222,300
Fundraising events, net of related expenses				
of \$141,182 in 2024 (\$52,773 in 2023)		60,844		61,625
Changes in value of split-interest agreements		10,375		13,409
Change in value of charitable remainder unitrust		34,087		43,324
Net investment return		5,209,589		3,315,908
Personnel services received from affiliate		455,638		505,335
Total revenue, gains, and other support		8,087,673		5,161,901
Expenses				
Support services:				
Salaries		137,544		117,845
Marketing		16,896		25,107
Computer training and support		32,112		30,200
Bad debt		944		629
Personnel services received from affiliate		455,638		505,335
Other		54,609		37,151
Program services:				
Scholarships		1,405,412		1,351,673
Other grants to College		206,352		173,745
Total expenses		2,309,507		2,241,685
Change in net assets		5,778,166		2,920,216
Net assets, beginning of year		32,005,172		29,084,956
Net assets, end of year	\$	37,783,338	\$	32,005,172

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Reporting Entity**

Washtenaw Community College (College) is a Michigan community college whose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to public colleges and universities outlined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 35 and the Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting – Michigan Public Community Colleges, 2001.

The College reports as a business-type activity, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the College and its component unit, Washtenaw Community College Foundation (Foundation), described below. A component unit is a separate legal entity that is included in the College's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational and financial relationship with the College.

The Foundation is discretely reported as a part of the College's reporting entity (although it is a separate legal entity established as a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit corporation and governed by its own board of directors). Separate financial statements of the Foundation are available by contacting Washtenaw Community College Foundation, 4800 E. Huron River Drive, Ann Arbor, MI 48105.

Significant accounting policies followed by the College and the Foundation are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader:

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred and certain measurement and criteria are met.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimated amounts.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

Fair value refers to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the market in which the reporting entity transacts such sales or transfers based on the assumptions market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability. Assumptions are developed based on prioritizing information within a fair value hierarchy that gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets (level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable data (level 3).

A description of each category in the fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1 Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.
- Level 2 Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all-significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3 Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect the estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

For a further discussion of fair value measurement, refer to Note 3 to the financial statements.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank demand deposit and savings accounts, cash on hand, and all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of ninety days or less.

#### **Investments**

Short-term investments, comprised of readily marketable debt securities with original maturities of more than ninety days at the time of purchase and which mature within one year, are carried at fair value.

The College carries its investments at fair value, which is determined generally by using quoted market prices. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are reflected in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Investments (continued)**

The Foundation investments are carried at fair value. Net investment return is reported in the statement of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, less external and direct internal investment expenses.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a provision for bad debt expense when necessary and an adjustment to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to accounts receivable.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist primarily of welding supplies, and automotive service center supplies and are stated at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method.

#### **Capital Assets**

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. However, gifts of property are recorded at fair value at the time gifts are received. Library books are recorded using a historically based estimated value. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. No depreciation is recorded on land. Expenditures for major renewals and betterments that extend the useful lives of the assets are capitalized. The following estimated useful lives are used to compute depreciation:

Land improvements and infrastructure	10-15 years
Buildings and improvement	40 years
Equipment, furniture, and software	3-7 years
Library books	7 years

Subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) are recorded at the present value of the subscription liability plus payments made at the commencement of the subscription term and implementation costs, less incentives received at the commencement of the subscription term. SBITAs are amortized systematically over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Accrued Vacation**

Accrued vacation represents the accumulated liability to be paid under the College's vacation leave policy. The amount of accrued vacation to be paid during the next fiscal year is classified as current in the accompanying statements of net position.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Revenue received prior to year-end that is related to the next fiscal period is recorded as unearned revenue. Unearned revenue as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 consists of approximately \$2,067,000 and \$2,114,000 of tuition revenue for the 2024 and 2023 spring/summer semesters, respectively. Unearned revenue also includes approximately \$237,000 as of June 30, 2024 and \$160,000 as of June 30, 2023 for payments received toward Fall 2024 and Fall 2023 tuition and fees. Also included in unearned revenue is approximately \$428,000 of Fitness Center membership fees as of June 30, 2024 and \$350,000 as of June 30, 2023. Grants received prior to qualifying expenditures are also included in unearned revenue and approximated \$712,000 as of June 30, 2024 and \$937,000 as of June 30, 2023.

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

For purposes of measuring the net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan, and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Deferred Outflows of Resources (continued)**

outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The College reports a deferred outflow of resources for its deferred charge on refunding, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This deferred outflow is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding bonds. The College also reports deferred outflows of resources for certain pension and OPEB related amounts, such as changes in expected and actual investment returns, changes in assumptions, and certain contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date. More detailed information, including the amortization of these pension and OPEB amounts, can be found in Note 8.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College reports deferred inflows of resources for certain pension and OPEB related amounts, such as changes in expected and actual investment returns, changes in assumptions, and the pension portion of Sec 147c state aid revenue received subsequent to the measurement date. More detailed information can be found in Note 8.

#### **Unrestricted Deficit**

The components of the College's unrestricted deficit are as follows as of June 30:

	2024	2023	
Encumbrances	\$ 1,010,806	\$ 865,150	
Future conference funds	127,091	46,376	
Designated for capital improvements	37,532,434	17,526,396	
Pension and OPEB liabilities fund deficit	(129,981,667)	(148,400,363)	
Unrestricted and unallocated	53,320,017	50,455,484	
Total unrestricted deficit	\$ (37,991,319)	\$ (79,506,957)	

#### **Revenue and Expense Recognition**

Revenue from state appropriations is recognized in accordance with the accounting method described in the Manual for Uniform Financial Reporting - Michigan Public Community Colleges, 2001, which provides that state appropriations are recorded as revenue in the period for which such amounts are appropriated. Student tuition and related revenues and expenses of an academic

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# **Revenue and Expense Recognition (continued)**

semester are reported in the fiscal year in which the program is conducted. Student tuition does not include Federal Pell grant, Direct Loans, and certain other state grants and scholarships awarded directly to students. While these amounts are reflected in the statements of cash flows at gross value, students use some or all of these funds to satisfy account balances.

Operating revenues of the College consist of tuition and fees, grants and contracts, sales and services of educational activities, and auxiliary enterprise revenues. Transactions related to capital and financing activities, noncapital financing activities, investing activities, State appropriations, property taxes, and Pell Grant revenue are components of nonoperating and other revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating expenses. For financial reporting purposes, restricted resources are deemed to be utilized first when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to satisfy an expense.

#### 2. Property Taxes

Property tax revenue is recognized in the year for which taxes have been levied. Property taxes are levied on July 1 and December 1 based on taxable values as of the preceding December 31. The taxes, which are collected and remitted to the College by Washtenaw County, are collected through February 28. Uncollected real property taxes of the College are turned over to Washtenaw County for subsequent collection. The College is subsequently paid 100% of delinquent real property taxes through Washtenaw County's tax revolving funds. These payments are usually received within three to five months after the delinquency date.

Property tax revenue recognized for general operating purposes was \$69,007,471 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and \$64,786,264 for the year ended June 30, 2023, based on \$3.3548 of tax per \$1,000 of taxable property value in the College's taxing district.

#### 3. Cash and Investments

The College's deposits and investments are included on the statements of net position under the following classifications as of June 30:

	2024	2023	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 20,551,364 75,697,339	\$ 26,442,820 47,268,675	
Total	\$ 96,248,703	\$ 73,711,495	

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

The College's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following as of June 30:

	2024	2023
Bank deposits (checking, savings,		
and money market accounts and		
certificates of deposit)	\$ 20,549,658	\$ 26,441,099
Petty cash or cash on hand	1,706	1,721
Total	\$ 20,551,364	\$ 26,442,820

#### **Deposits**

The above deposits were reflected in the accounts of the bank (without recognition of checks written but not yet cleared, or of deposits in transit) at \$18,948,943 as of June 30, 2024 and \$14,843,522 as of June 30, 2023. Of the amount as of June 30, 2024, \$1,115,802 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$17,833,141 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Of the amount as of June 30, 2023, \$1,039,039 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$13,804,483 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### **College Investments**

The College utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to its investment securities and to determine fair value disclosures. These assets are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis.

The following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets recorded at fair value. The description includes an indication of the level of the fair value hierarchy in which the assets are classified. There have been no changes in the methodologies used as of June 30, 2024 or 2023.

*U.S. agencies:* U.S. agencies funds valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the security is traded are classified as Level 1.

*Municipal bonds:* Certain municipal bonds and debentures valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the security is traded are classified as Level 1.

State of Michigan bonds: Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

Commercial paper: Level 1 fair value measurement is based upon the closing price reported on the active market in which the individual securities are traded.

# Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

# **College Investments (continued)**

The following tables set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the College's investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30:

	Level 1	Lev	vel 2	Lev	el 3	Total
2024						
U.S. agencies	\$ 25,685,190	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 25,685,190
Municipal bonds	13,975,974		-		-	13,975,974
State of Michigan bonds	4,454,019		-		-	4,454,019
Commercial paper	31,582,156		-		-	31,582,156
Total investments at fair						
value	\$ 75,697,339	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 75,697,339
2023						
U.S. agencies	\$ 19,717,845	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 19,717,845
Municipal bonds	10,487,162		-		-	10,487,162
State of Michigan bonds	4,187,918		-		-	4,187,918
Commercial paper	12,875,750		-		-	12,875,750
Total investment at fair						
value	\$ 47,268,675	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 47,268,675

As of June 30, the College had the following investments and maturities:

		<b>Investment Maturities (in Years)</b>				
	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 to 5	6 to 10		
2024						
U.S. agencies	\$ 25,685,190	\$ 6,941,484	\$ 13,291,368	\$ 5,452,338		
Municipal bonds	13,975,974	-	11,459,443	2,516,531		
State of Michigan bonds	4,454,019	-	4,454,019	-		
Commercial paper	31,582,156	31,582,156	-			
Total	\$ 75,697,339	\$ 38,523,640	\$ 29,204,830	\$ 7,968,869		
2023						
U.S. agencies	\$ 19,717,845	\$ 3,978,945	\$ 14,022,513	\$ 1,716,387		
Municipal bonds	10,487,162	974,620	7,885,808	1,626,734		
State of Michigan bonds	4,187,918	-	4,187,918	-		
Commercial paper	12,875,750	12,875,750	-	-		
Total	\$ 47,268,675	\$ 17,829,315	\$ 26,096,239	\$ 3,343,121		

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

#### **College Investments (continued)**

#### Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to portfolio and market risk, the College's investment policy states that investments are to be diversified by security type, financial institution, and maturity date of securities. The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated.

#### Credit Risk

The College is authorized by Michigan Public Act 331, as amended through 1997, and by resolution of the board of trustees' policy to invest surplus monies in U.S. Treasury or agency bonds, bills, notes, or bankers' acceptances issued by a bank that is a member of the FDIC; negotiable certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or other interest-earning deposit accounts of a financial institution; commercial paper that is supported by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank that is a member of the FDIC; commercial paper of corporations located in the state rated prime by at least one of the standard rating services; mutual funds, trusts, or investment pools that are composed entirely of instruments that are eligible collateral; repurchase agreements against eligible collateral, the market value of which must be maintained during the life of the agreements at levels equal to or greater than the amounts advanced and obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one rating service. The College's investments in the bonds of U.S. agencies were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The College's investments in Michigan municipalities were rated AA- to AA+ by Standard & Poor's and/or Aa1 to Aaa by Moody's as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. Additionally, as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, 59% and 63% of the College's Michigan municipality bonds, respectively, were included in the Michigan School Bond Qualification and Loan Program, which enhances the ratings for these bonds.

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Michigan School Bond Qualification and Loan Program was rated Aa1 by Moody's. The College's investments in State of Michigan Bonds were rated AA to AA+ by Standard & Poor's and Aa2 to Aa1 by Moody's as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. The College's investments in Commercial Paper were rated A-1+ to A-2 by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2024. The College's investments in Commercial Paper were rated A-1+ to A-3 by Standard & Poor's at June 30, 2023.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

#### **College Investments (continued)**

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The College places no limit on the amount the College may invest in any one issuer. As of June 30, 2024, the College's investments were concentrated by issuer as follows: 33% issued by U.S. agencies; 18% issued by Michigan municipalities; 6% State of Michigan bonds, and 43% commercial paper. As of June 30, 2023, the College's investments were concentrated by issuer as follows: 33% issued by U.S. agencies; 18% issued by Michigan municipalities; 7% State of Michigan bonds; and 42% commercial paper. For the year ended June 30, 2024 the College had 20 unique bond issues within its portfolio and 18 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The largest single issuer accounted for approximately 21% as of June 30, 2024 and 17% as of June 30, 2023. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, this issuer was Federal Farm Credit Bank which was rated Aaa by Moody's.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. The College's investments are uninsured, unregistered, and held by the College's agent in the College's name. As of June 30, 2024, approximately 57% of the College's investments were in the custody of Fifth Third Securities, Inc. (48% at June 30, 2023); 19% were in the custody of Key Bank Capital Markets (23% at June 30, 2023); 18% were in the custody of PNC Capital Markets (21% at June 30, 2023); and 6% were in the custody of Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Inc. (8% at June 30, 2023).

#### **Foundation Investments**

Certain investments held by the Foundation use Net Asset Value (NAV) to determine the fair value of all the underlying investments which (1) do not have a readily determinable fair value and (2) prepare their financial statements consistent with the measurement principles of an investment company or have the attributes of an investment company. Private equity partnerships are accounted for on the equity method and are based on information provided by the general partner; management also takes into consideration the audited financial information and K-1 capital account balances to determine overall reasonableness of the recorded value. Management believes that the equity method represents the best estimate of the partnerships' fair values. Audited information is only available annually, based on each partnership's year-end. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuations, values may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 3. Cash and Investments (continued)

#### **Foundation Investments (continued)**

Investments held by the Foundation as of June 30 include the following:

	2024	2023
		<b>* **</b>
Commonfund multi-strategy equity fund	\$ 27,275,155	\$ 22,724,564
Commonfund multi-strategy bond fund	6,318,981	5,550,108
Commonfund Capital Partners VI, L.P.	856,278	896,282
Commonfund Capital Partners VII, L.P.	1,186,243	1,080,480
Commonfund Capital Partners VIII, L.P.	397,758	301,989
Commonfund Capital Partners IX, L.P.	100,053	19,899
Commonfund Capital Secondary Partners III, L.P.	411,213	373,987
Commonfund Capital Secondary Partners IV, L.P.	110,171	920
Balance as of June 30	\$ 36,655,852	\$ 30,948,229

The Foundation has made long-term commitments of \$3,725,000 to global private capital investing funds and Delaware limited partnerships. The partnership agreements have terms ranging from 7 to 12 years with up to an additional 3-year extension options. During fiscal 2024, a total of \$396,687, or 10.6%, of the total commitment was funded by the Foundation. An investment commitment of \$1,344,569 remains as of June 30, 2024. During fiscal 2023, a total of \$411,624, or 11.1%, of the total commitment was funded by the Foundation. An investment commitment of \$1,741,256 remained as of June 30, 2023.

The investment strategy of the above funds is long-term capital appreciation and risk-adjusted net returns through equity investments. The limited partnerships are comprised of private equity funds, venture capital funds, global private equity funds, global private capital secondaries, and natural resource funds. The funds include commitments to make periodic contributions in future periods. The nature of these partnership interests is that distributions are received through the liquidation of the underlying assets of the partnership over its remaining life.

When fully funded, management believes the portfolio would have about a 15% exposure to alternative investments which is comparable to an asset allocation of college endowment funds of a similar size.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of the following as of June 30:

	2024	2023
Student accounts	\$ 5,131,845	\$ 3,885,802
Miscellaneous grants	1,611,370	1,513,790
Pell	123,071	104,005
Federal Direct Loans	431,462	716,703
Other	46,502	28,164
Total	7,344,250	6,248,464
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	2,888,000	2,110,000
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 4,456,250	\$ 4,138,464

## 5. Capital Assets

The following tables present the changes in each of the capital assets class categories for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Other non-depreciable assets Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 2,086,937 3,480,835 142,510 5,710,282	\$ - 2,750,103 - 2,750,103	\$ - (53,911) - (53,911)	\$ - (899,727) - (899,727)	\$ 2,086,937 5,277,300 142,510 7,506,747
Capital assets being depreciated:	3,710,202	2,730,103	(33,911)	(099,121)	7,300,747
Land improvements and infrastructure Buildings and improvements Equipment, furniture, and software Library books	18,365,774 209,146,002 67,458,673 3,935,034	3,677 147,846 3,247,470 29,617	(172,339)	- - 899,727	18,369,451 209,293,848 71,433,531 3,964,651
Total capital assets being depreciated	298,905,483	3,428,610	(172,339)	899,727	303,061,481
Less accumulated depreciation: Land improvements and infrastructure Buildings and improvements Equipment, furniture, and software Library materials	13,790,130 93,901,091 45,104,651 3,813,158	718,339 4,192,442 4,588,263 42,306	(171,528)	- - -	14,508,469 98,093,533 49,521,386 3,855,464
Total accumulated depreciation	156,609,030	9,541,350	(171,528)	_	165,978,852
Capital assets being depreciated, net Capital assets being amortized:	142,296,453	(6,112,740)	(811)	899,727	137,082,629
SBITA right-of-use asset Less accumulated amortization:	3,774,349	1,640,276	(980,208)	-	4,434,417
SBITA right-of-use asset	1,925,301	970,269	(980,208)	-	1,915,362
Capital assets being amortized, net	1,849,048	670,007	- (FA F33)	-	2,519,055
Capital assets, net	\$ 149,855,783	\$ (2,692,630)	\$ (54,722)	\$ -	\$ 147,108,431

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 5. Capital Assets (continued)

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	July 1, 2022	Auditions	Deletions	11 ansiers	June 30, 2023
Land	\$ 2,086,937	\$ -	\$ -	¢	\$ 2,086,937
		*	Φ -	(17,210,261)	
Construction in progress Other non-depreciable assets	19,039,999 142,510	1,651,097	-	(17,210,201)	3,480,835 142,510
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	21,269,446	1,651,097	-	(17,210,261)	5,710,282
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	21,209,440	1,031,097	-	(17,210,201)	3,/10,282
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements and infrastructure	17,573,807	402,324	-	389,643	18,365,774
Buildings and improvements	193,895,690	1,446,938	-	13,803,374	209,146,002
Equipment, furniture and software	59,862,950	4,643,651	(65,172)	3,017,244	67,458,673
Library books	3,901,702	33,332	-	-	3,935,034
Total capital assets being depreciated	275,234,149	6,526,245	(65,172)	17,210,261	298,905,483
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Land improvements and infrastructure	\$ 13,056,196	\$ 733,934	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,790,130
Buildings and improvements	89,717,476	4,183,615	_	-	93,901,091
Equipment, furniture, and software	41,161,949	4,007,874	(65,172)	-	45,104,651
Library materials	3,765,206	47,952	-	-	3,813,158
Total accumulated depreciation	147,700,827	8,973,375	(65,172)	-	156,609,030
Capital assets being depreciated, net	127,533,322	(2,447,130)	-	17,210,261	142,296,453
Capital assets being amortized:					
SBITA right-of-use asset	3,200,235	574,114	_	_	3,774,349
Less accumulated amortization:	3,200,233	571,111			3,771,319
SBITA right-of-use asset	990,668	934,633	_	_	1,925,301
Capital assets being amortized, net	2,209,567	(360,519)			1,849,048
Capital assets, net	\$ 151,012,335	\$ (1,156,552)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 149,855,783
capital abbets, net	Ψ 131,012,333	Ψ (1,130,332)	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ 117,033,703

The College is in the process of upgrading technology and equipment, renovating existing buildings, and improving infrastructure on the College's grounds. As of June 30, construction in progress for these capital improvement projects was as follows:

	2024	2023
Wireless Upgrades	\$ 1,959,651	\$ 2,091,587
Security Camera System Upgrades	1,461,750	-
Student Center Renovations	419,901	348,427
Miscellaneous construction projects	422,026	314,241
AKS Accu-Kut Plasma Cutting System	344,640	-
EV Charging Stations	244,068	-
EV Battery Lab	233,830	-
Classroom Enhancements	92,790	_
Campus Lighting Upgrades	53,115	13,175
GL Renovations	45,529	107,567
OEB HVAC Upgrades	-	413,820
Sanitary Main Replacement	-	77,137

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 5. Capital Assets (continued)

	2024		2023	
Fire Alarm Upgrades	\$	-	\$	73,612
ML Renovations Total construction in progress	\$ 5,27	7,300	\$ 3	41,269 ,480,835

Total future commitments as of June 30, 2024 related to these projects approximated \$2,732,000 and \$721,000 as of June 30, 2023. The largest part of the commitments as of June 30, 2024 is \$960,000 for the Security Camera System Upgrades, and \$225,000 as of June 30, 2023 for the OEB HVAC Upgrades.

#### 6. Lease Agreements and Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements

The College entered into a lease agreement for financing the purchase of certain office equipment, which meets the capitalization criteria specified by generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, the lease has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date using the interest stated in the lease of 6.68% (see Note 7). The cost and accumulated depreciation of the assets under the lease totaled approximately \$556,000 and \$148,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2024. The cost and accumulated depreciation of the assets under the lease totaled approximately \$556,000 and \$37,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2023.

The College has SBITAs that are used for various software licenses and remote hosting arrangements, which meet the capitalization criteria specified by generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, the SBITAs have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments as of the inception date using an internal borrowing rate varying from 3.75% to 4.00% (see Note 7). The cost and accumulated amortization of the assets under the SBITAs totaled approximately \$4,434,000 and \$1,915,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2024 and approximately \$3,774,000 and \$1,925,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2023.

Payments on the lease obligation and SBITAs for years succeeding June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Lease Obligation Amount	SBITA Amount
2025	\$ 131,220	\$ 911,941
2026 2027	131,220 131,220	572,367 351,659
2028 Total minimum payments	87,480 481,140	54,447 1,890,414
Less amount representing interest Present value as of June 30, 2024	(55,429) \$ 425,711	(103,372) \$ 1,787,042

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 7. Long-term Obligations

Long-term obligation activity during the year ended June 30 was as follows:

	Beginning			<b>Ending</b>	Current
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion
2024					
2015 Refunding Bonds	\$ 4,515,000	\$ -	\$ (1,065,000)	\$ 3,450,000	\$ 1,105,000
Bond Premium on 2015					
Refunding Bonds	143,433	-	(62,690)	80,743	44,958
Total bonds payable	4,658,433	-	(1,127,690)	3,530,743	1,149,958
Lease obligation	524,875	-	(99,164)	425,711	105,993
SBITA	1,411,140	1,268,607	(892,705)	1,787,042	852,339
Total	\$ 6,594,448	\$ 1,268,607	\$ (2,119,559)	\$ 5,743,496	\$ 2,108,290
2023					
2015 Refunding Bonds	\$ 5,535,000	\$ -	\$ (1,020,000)	\$ 4,515,000	\$ 1,065,000
Bond Premium on 2015			,		
Refunding Bonds	223,131	-	(79,698)	143,433	62,689
Total bonds payable	5,758,131	-	(1,099,698)	4,658,433	1,127,689
Lease obligation	-	556,489	(31,614)	524,875	99,164
SBITA	1,824,632	495,970	(909,462)	1,411,140	680,058
Total	\$ 7,582,763	\$ 1,052,459	\$ (2,040,774)	\$ 6,594,448	\$ 1,906,911

#### **Bond Defeasance**

In March 2015, the College issued \$12,785,000 of Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 with an average interest rate of 3.76% which, in conjunction with a debt service fund contribution, were used to refund \$1,965,000 of outstanding Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B and advance refund \$11,535,000 of Facilities Bonds, Series 2006, with average interest rates of 3.95% and 4.44%, respectively. The net proceeds of \$13,990,731 (after payment of \$109,090 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs), plus an additional \$293,236 of prior debt retirement fund monies, were used to purchase U.S. treasury securities which were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the original bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the College's long-term obligations. In prior years, the College defeased certain other bonds. As of June 30, 2024, \$3,720,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased, and \$4,855,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased as of June 30, 2023.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

As of June 30, 2024, general obligation bonds totaling \$3,450,000 were outstanding with interest rates varying from 2.5% to 4.0%. Principal payments are due annually with payments for the upcoming year totaling \$1,105,000. Interest payments are due semi-annually in April and October in the amount of \$60,038 each for fiscal year 2025. As of June 30, 2023, general obligation bonds

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 7. Long-term Obligations (continued)

## **General Obligation Bonds (continued)**

totaling \$4,515,000 were outstanding with interest rates varying from 2.5% to 4.0%. Principal payments are due annually in April with payments for the upcoming year totaling \$1,065,000 during fiscal year 2024. Interest payments are due semi-annually in April and October in the amount of \$81,338 each during fiscal 2024. These bonds are insured and mature in varying amounts through fiscal year 2027.

Total principal and interest maturities on the general obligation bonds for years succeeding June 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

_	Debt Obligations			
Years Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Amount	
2025	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 120,075	\$ 1,225,075	
2026	1,150,000	75,875	1,225,875	
2027	1,195,000	29,875	1,224,875	
Total	\$ 3,450,000	\$ 225,825	\$ 3,675,825	

#### 8. Retirement Plans

#### **Defined Benefit Plan**

## Plan Description

The College contributes to the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS), a cost-sharing multi-employer state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the state of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members – eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employee's Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

### Plan Description (continued)

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

## Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account, if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

## Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis.

The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of other postemployment benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

### Other Postemployment Benefits Provided (continued)

members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transaction date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

#### **Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2022 valuation will be amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022 and ending September 30, 2038.

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

#### Contributions (continued)

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024, which excludes supplemental MPSERS UAAL employer stabilization contributions that are passed through the College to MPSERS based on rates ranging from 16.65% - 16.89% on prior year covered payroll:

Benefit Structure	<b>Member Rates</b>	<b>Employer Rates</b>
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	17.24% - 19.17%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.95% - 20.10%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.75% - 13.90%

Required contributions to the pension plan from the College were approximately \$14,911,000, \$17,087,000, and \$12,910,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

<b>Benefit Structure</b>	Member Rates	<b>Employer Rates</b>
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.07% – 8.31%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.06% - 7.21%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the College were approximately \$3,051,000, \$2,898,000, and \$2,949,000 for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	<b>Employer Rates</b>	
Defined Contribution Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 3.00% 0.00% - 2.00%	$4.00\% - 7.00\% \ 0.00\% - 2.00\%$	

For the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, required and actual contributions from the College for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$1,063,766, \$940,916, and \$809,953, respectively.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the College reported a liability of \$119,315,642 and a liability of \$143,505,933 as of June 30, 2023, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2022 and 2021, respectively. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the System during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. As of September 30, 2023, the College's proportion was 0.36864%, which was a decrease of 0.01294% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022 of 0.38158%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the College recognized pension expense of \$7,264,761. As of June 30, 2024, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Change in assumptions Differences between expected and actual	\$ 16,167,813	\$ 9,321,993	\$ 6,845,820
experience Changes in proportion and differences between	3,766,431	182,773	3,583,658
employer contributions and proportionate share Net difference between projected and actual	-	13,553,284	(13,553,284)
earnings on pension plan investments		2,441,584	(2,441,584)
5	19,934,244	25,499,634	(5,565,390)
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award subsequent to the measurement date College contributions subsequent to the	-	7,153,135	(7,153,135)
measurement date	13,178,352	_	13,178,352
Total	\$ 33,112,596	\$ 32,652,769	\$ 459,827

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$13,178,352 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. The \$7,153,135 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to Sec 147c of the State School Aid Act (PA 94 of 1979), will be recognized as State appropriation revenue for the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the year ended June 30:

2025	\$ (3,836,881)
2026	(2,721,443)
2027	3,132,349
2028	(2,139,415)
Total	\$ (5,565,390)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the College recognized pension expense of \$10,654,843. As of June 30, 2023, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Change in assumptions	\$ 24,659,462	\$ -	\$ 24,659,462
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,435,560	320,864	1,114,696
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share	-	17,100,524	(17,100,524)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	336,521	_	336,521
	26,431,543	17,421,388	9,010,155
Pension portion of Sec 147c state aid award subsequent to the measurement date	-	10,197,630	(10,197,630)
College contributions subsequent to the measurement date	15,447,842		15,447,842
Total	\$41,879,385	\$ 27,619,018	\$ 14,260,367

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

As of June 30, 2024, the College reported a liability of \$(2,135,407) and a liability of \$8,184,018 as of June 30, 2023, for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2022 and 2021. The College's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the System during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. As of September 30, 2023, the College's proportion was 0.37748%, which was a decrease of 0.00891% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022 of 0.38639%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the College recognized negative OPEB expense of \$5,106,782. As of June 30, 2024, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 4,753,789	\$ 572,446	\$ 4,181,343
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	16,136,234	(16,136,234)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share	-	3,630,182	(3,630,182)
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	6,511	-	6,511
	4,760,300	20,338,862	(15,578,562)
College contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,317,303	-	2,317,303
Total	\$ 7,077,603	\$ 20,338,862	\$ (13,261,259)

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

The \$2,317,303 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2025	\$	(5,228,388)
2026		(4,863,476)
2027		(1,944,817)
2028		(1,756,642)
2029		(1,203,853)
Thereafter		(581,386)
Total	\$ (	(15,578,562)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the College recognized negative OPEB expense of \$4,514,340. As of June 30, 2023, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 7,294,678	\$ 593,974	\$ 6,700,704
Differences between expected and actual experience	_	16,029,357	(16,029,357)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share	_	4,487,739	(4,487,739)
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on OPEB plan investments	639,646	-	639,646
	7,934,324	21,111,070	(13,176,746)
College contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,205,967	-	2,205,967
Total	\$ 10,140,291	\$ 21,111,070	\$ (10,970,779)

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

#### 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

## **Actuarial Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuations (for years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023) were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost	method	Entry aş	ge, normal

Wage inflation rate 2.75%

Projected salary increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%

Investment rate of return:

MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid)

Pension Plus plan (hybrid)

Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)

OPER plans

6.00%, net of investment expenses
6.00%, net of investment expenses
6.00% net of investment expenses

OPEB plans 6.00%, net of investment expenses
Cost of living adjustments 3% annual non-compounded for MI

Cost of living adjustments

Healthcare cost trend rate

3% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Pre 65: 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15

Post 65: 6.25% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 15

Mortality

For retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree
Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for male and 116%
for females and adjusted for mortality improvements
using projected scale MP-2021 from 2010. For active
members, PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee
Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for
mortality improvements using projection scale MP-

2021 from 2010.

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008

and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed

to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are

assumed to have coverages continuing after the

retiree's death.

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are

assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

### Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2023, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4406 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.5099 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5.0000 years.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2022, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.3922 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.2250 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5.0000 years.

#### Long-Term Expected Return on Pension and OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

## **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

## Long-Term Expected Return on Pension and OPEB Plan Assets (continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension and OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023 and 2022, are summarized in the following tables:

	<b>T</b>	Long-Term	<b>Expected Money-</b>
4.60	Target	Expected Real	Weighted Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Return
2023			
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.80%	1.45%
International equity	15.00%	6.80%	1.02%
Private equity pools	16.00%	9.60%	1.54%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	6.40%	0.64%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	1.30%	0.17%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	4.80%	0.43%
Real return / opportunistic pools	10.00%	7.30%	0.73%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.30%	0.01%
_	100.00%	_	5.99%
Inflation		=	2.70%
Risk adjustment			-2.69%
Investment rate of return			6.00%
2022			
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.10%	1.28%
International equity	15.00%	6.70%	1.00%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.70%	1.39%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.30%	0.53%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	-0.20%	-0.03%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	2.70%	0.24%
Real return / opportunistic pools	10.00%	5.80%	0.58%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.50%	-0.01%
_	100.00%	=	4.98%
Inflation		_	2.20%
Risk adjustment			-1.18%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

## **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

### Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94%, respectively. For the year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was (4.18)% and (4.99)%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability, (6.00% for the Pension Plus plan and Pension Plus 2 plan, both of which are hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only) and total OPEB liability for fiscal year 2024 and 2023. The pension and OPEB plan discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.00% (6.00% for the Pension Plus plan and Pension Plus 2 plan) for fiscal year 2024 and 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

# Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00% (6.00% for the Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 plans), as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher as of June 30:

	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)
2024	\$ 161,195,083	\$ 119,315,642	\$ 84,449,493
2023	\$ 189,374,519	\$ 143,505,933	\$ 105,708,153

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

# Sensitivity of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00% as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30:

	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1% Increase (7.00%)
2024	\$ 2,213,777	\$ (2,135,407)	\$ (5,873,104)
2023	\$ 13,727,904	\$ 8,184,018	\$ 3,515,379

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates (6.25%-7.50% for 2024 and 5.25%-7.75% for 2023), as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher as of June 30:

		Current Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
2024	\$ (5,882,423)	\$ (2,135,407)	\$ 1,920,092
2023	\$ 3,427,076	\$ 8,184,018	\$ 13,523,781

#### Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 8. Retirement Plans (continued)

#### **Defined Benefit Plan (continued)**

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2024, the College reported a payable of \$1,457,549 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024. As of June 30, 2023, the College reported a payable of \$1,268,149 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

As of June 30, 2024, the College reported a payable of \$61,806 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024. As of June 30, 2023, the College reported a payable of \$51,469 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### **Defined Contribution Plan**

Beginning in October 1996, the College established a 401(a) plan as an alternative to the retirement plan from the MPSERS. All full-time educators and administrators are eligible to participate in the plan. The plan had 199 members as of June 30, 2024 and 188 members as of June 30, 2023.

The plan requires College and participant contributions to be made as a percentage of the participants' gross earnings. The College must contribute 12% of gross earnings, and the participants must contribute 3% of gross earnings. The College made contributions to the plan totaling approximately \$2,480,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and \$2,365,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

## 9. Risk Management

The College funds its employees' health benefit plan on a partially uninsured basis, providing coverage for employees' medical, dental, and vision claims. The College's maximum stop-loss is limited to \$55,000 per employee contract covered under the plan. As of June 30, 2024, the estimated maximum stop-loss that the College could incur is approximately \$806,000 and \$971,000 as of June 30, 2023.

The College is partially uninsured for workers' compensation to a maximum of \$400,000 for each accident and, in the aggregate, for claims up to approximately \$5,000,000 for the 24-month insurance policy period expiring July 1, 2025.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 9. Risk Management (continued)

The College estimates the liability for health benefit claims and workers' compensation claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported.

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, changes in the estimated liabilities were as follows:

	 orkers' pensation	Health Benefits
Estimated liability, July 1, 2021 Estimated claims incurred, including changes	\$ 6,926	\$ 388,287
in estimates	(3,768)	2,079,929
Less claim payments	3,158	2,047,966
Estimated liability, June 30, 2022	-	420,250
Estimated claims incurred, including changes		
in estimates	11,817	1,763,999
Less claim payments	 9,337	1,881,808
Estimated liability, June 30, 2023	2,480	302,441
Estimated claims incurred, including changes		
in estimates	53,405	1,832,890
Less claim payments	37,620	1,849,514
Estimated liability, June 30, 2024	\$ 18,265	\$ 285,817

The College participates in the Michigan Community College Risk Management Authority (Authority) with other Michigan-based community colleges for claims relating to auto, property and liability. The Authority provides a risk pool program that operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts up to maximum coverage limits.

The College pays an annual premium to the Authority and is responsible for a deductible and all costs, including damages, indemnification, and allocated loss adjustment expenses, for each claim that is within the College's Self-Insured Retention (SIR) limit. The College also participates in the stop loss provision of the program, which is designed to limit the member's maximum cash payments during each July 1 through June 30 year to costs falling within the College's SIR limit. Reinsurance is purchased by the Authority to further limit the risk of loss.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

#### 10. Related Parties

The Washtenaw Community College Foundation is a separate legal entity established as a 501(c)(3) not-for-profit corporation and governed by its own board of directors to accept, collect, hold, and invest donations made for the promotion of educational activities.

The College provides employees and office space to the Foundation at no charge. The amount of such assistance for the year ended June 30, 2024 was approximately \$611,000 and \$571,000, for the year ended June 30, 2023. In addition, the College received payments from the Foundation for student scholarships and support totaling approximately \$1,705,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and \$1,699,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Foundation also makes direct payments on behalf of students and faculty.

The Washtenaw Community College Board of Trustees is the chartering body for the Washtenaw Technical Middle College (the "Academy"). The College has entered into several contractual agreements with the Academy, including a facility use license agreement, an administrative and educational support services agreement, and a joint enrollment agreement. For both years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the facility uses license agreement and education support services agreement required that the Academy pay the College \$150,000. Under the joint enrollment agreement, the Academy students may be jointly enrolled in both the College and the Academy. The Academy pays all tuition and fees for students enrolled at the College. Tuition and fees under this agreement were approximately \$1,751,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and \$1,740,000 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### 11. Foundation Endowments and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

## **Donor Restricted and Board Designated Endowments**

The Foundation's endowment includes donor-restricted endowment funds, and funds designated by the Foundation's Board of Directors to function as endowments. Net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Foundation's Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

## **Interpretation of Relevant Law**

The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted the State of Michigan Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("SMPMIFA") as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation retains in value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent perpetuity: (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the

### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

## 11. Foundation Endowments and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

## **Interpretation of Relevant Law (continued)**

time the accumulation is added to the fund. Donor-restricted amounts not retained in perpetuity are subject to appropriation for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SMPMIFA.

In accordance with SMPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2) The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3) General economic conditions
- 4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation (depreciation) of investments
- 6) Other resources of the Foundation
- 7) The investment policies of the Foundation

### **Composition of Endowment Net Assets**

The following is a summary of the Foundation's 2024 endowment and changes therein:

	With	out Donor	With Donor	
	Res	strictions	Restrictions	Total
Composition by type of Fund				
Board-designated endowment funds	\$	148,341	\$ -	\$ 148,341
Donor-restricted endowment funds:		Ź		Ź
Original donor-restricted gift amount				
and amounts required to be maintained				
in perpetuity by donor		_	18,139,480	18,139,480
Accumulated investment gains		_	15,803,786	15,803,786
Total endowment funds	\$	148,341	\$ 33,943,266	\$ 34,091,607
				_
Changes in endowment net assets				
Net investment income	\$	_	\$ 4,527,770	\$ 4,527,770
Contributions		_	1,585,175	1,585,175
Appropriation of endowment assets for				
expenditure		-	(1,034,932)	(1,034,932)
Changes in endowment net assets		-	5,078,013	5,078,013
Endowment net assets:				
Beginning of year		148,341	28,865,253	29,013,594
End of year	\$	148,341	\$ 33,943,266	\$ 34,091,607
			•	-

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

# 11. Foundation Endowments and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

## **Composition of Endowment Net Assets (continued)**

The following is a summary of the Foundation's 2023 endowment and changes therein:

	out Donor trictions		ith Donor estrictions		Total
Composition by type of Fund					
Board-designated endowment funds	\$ 148,341	\$	-	\$	148,341
Donor-restricted endowment funds:					
Original donor-restricted gift amount					
and amounts required to be					
maintained in perpetuity by donor	-		16,568,379	1	16,568,379
Accumulated investment gains	 -		12,296,874	1	12,296,874
Total endowment funds	\$ 148,341	\$ 2	28,865,253	\$ 2	29,013,594
Changes in endowment net assets					
Net investment loss	\$ -	\$	2,877,841		2,877,841
Contributions	-		740,485		740,485
Transfers	-		(53,199)		(53,199)
Appropriation of endowment assets for					
expenditure	_		(901,015)		(901,015)
Changes in endowment net assets	-		2,664,112		2,664,112
Endowment net assets:					
Beginning of year	 148,341		26,201,141	2	26,349,482
End of year	\$ 148,341	\$ 2	28,865,253	\$ 2	29,013,594

Net assets with donor restrictions, including the endowment net assets in the above tables, consist of the following amounts as of June 30:

	2024	2023
Permanent endowments held for the benefit of the College Accumulated net investment gains on endowments held	\$ 18,139,480	\$ 16,568,379
for the benefit of the College	15,803,786	12,296,874
Other funds restricted for purpose	411,222	280,582
Contributions receivable for endowments	60,074	40,902
Beneficial interest in charitable remainder trust	567,350	533,263
Split-interest agreements (net of annuities)	95,616	85,240
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$ 35,077,528	\$ 29,805,240

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

#### 11. Foundation Endowments and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

#### **Funds with Deficiencies**

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or SMPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. There were no underwater funds as of June 30, 2024. Eight funds, with total original gift values of \$1,225,589, fair values of \$1,189,455, and deficiencies of \$36,134 were reported in net assets with donor restrictions as of June 30, 2023. When an endowment is underwater, it is the Foundation's intent to reinvest any dividends and interest until the endowment is made whole.

#### **Return Objectives and Risk Parameters**

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Foundation must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period(s) as well as board designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets as well as provide additional real growth.

The Foundation benchmarks endowment funds investment performance against a policy benchmark which is made up of a similar allocation to certain market indexes (i.e., S&P 500, Russell 3000, MSCI World ex U.S., MSCI EMF Net, and Barclays Capital US Aggregate Bond). The Foundation expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide a rate of return at least equal to the spending rate plus inflation. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

#### **Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives**

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

#### Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

The Board, on or before March 31 of each year, declares the amount of funds available from Foundation assets for distribution to Washtenaw Community College for scholarships, grants, and/or any other purposes approved by the Board and accepted by the College during the following fiscal year. The Foundation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year up to 5% of its endowment fund's average fair value over the prior 12 quarters through the calendar year end

#### Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

### 11. Foundation Endowments and Net Assets With Donor Restrictions (continued)

## **Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy (continued)**

proceeding the fiscal year in which the distribution is planned. In establishing this policy, the Foundation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the Foundation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at a rate that is equal to or greater than the pace of inflation. This is consistent with the Foundation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

In the event that the market value of the board designated endowments falls below the historic dollar value, the Foundation reserves the right to make no distribution, other than actual investment expenses and administrative fees. The Foundation may, however, at the recommendation of the Finance Committee and the approval of the Board, allow a distribution which is prudent, or otherwise deemed to be a justifiable expenditure, using the factors established in SMPMIFA. At the time the Board allows a distribution from such account, it can retain sole discretion over future expenditures from the fund as long as the fund falls below the historic dollar value or delegate, on a case-by-case basis, supervision of prudent future expenditures from the fund to the Finance Committee. If it is determined that income distributions are stopped, unspent income residing in the earnings account, if any, will continue to be available for spending purposes and will be disregarded in comparing the market value to its historic gift value.

During a period in which income distributions are stopped, and it is deemed to be prudent by the Finance Committee, investment expenses and administrative fees may continue to be drawn from the fund.

Unless otherwise specifically allowed in the donor agreement, or written permission is given by the donor if the market value of a donor-restricted endowment is at, or below, the account's historic dollar value at the time allocation amounts are determined, no distribution will be made from such fund; instead, distributions will be reinvested into the fund in an effort to help the market value of the fund recover. If it is determined that income distributions are stopped on a donor-restricted endowment fund, unspent allocated funds residing in the earnings account, if any, will continue to be available for spending purposes and will be disregarded in comparing an endowment's market value to its historical gift value. During a period in which income distributions are stopped on a donor-restricted endowment fund, investment expenses and administrative fees may continue to be drawn from the fund. It is further established that the Finance Committee and/or the Board of Directors review this policy on an annual basis.



# MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

# Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

					Years End	ed June 30				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
College's proportion of the net pension liability	0.36864%	0.38158%	0.42415%	0.44655%	0.47847%	0.48233%	0.48038%	0.46738%	0.45330%	0.44402%
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 119,315,642	\$ 143,505,933	\$ 100,418,699	\$ 153,393,110	\$ 158,454,498	\$ 144,998,202	\$ 124,486,379	\$ 116,608,139	\$ 110,718,864	\$ 97,802,079
College's covered payroll	\$ 38,173,585	\$ 37,949,922	\$ 37,811,603	\$ 37,883,972	\$ 41,650,413	\$ 41,155,423	\$ 41,032,987	\$ 41,220,476	\$ 38,675,423	\$ 38,039,183
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	312.56%	378.15%	265.58%	404.90%	380.44%	352.32%	303.38%	282.89%	286.28%	257.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.91%	60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year.

# MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

# Schedule of the College's Pension Contributions

					Years End	ed June 30				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 14,911,229	\$ 17,086,550	\$ 12,909,766	\$ 12,576,192	\$ 12,508,574	\$ 12,687,042	\$ 12,882,238	\$ 11,196,524	\$ 10,532,263	\$ 8,277,610
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(14,911,229)	(17,086,550)	(12,909,766)	(12,576,192)	(12,508,574)	(12,687,042)	(12,882,238)	(11,196,524)	(10,532,263)	(8,277,610)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
College's covered payroll	\$ 39,424,074	\$ 37,573,950	\$ 37,598,083	\$ 36,952,757	\$ 39,673,313	\$ 41,593,322	\$ 39,073,246	\$ 40,900,320	\$ 37,968,811	\$ 38,653,956
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	37.82%	45.47%	34.34%	34.03%	31.53%	30.50%	32.97%	27.38%	27.74%	21.41%

## MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

## Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability

			Years End	ed J	une 30			
	2024	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
College's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.37748%	0.38639%	0.41380%		0.42422%	0.47371%	0.48142%	0.41840%
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ (2,135,407)	\$ 8,184,018	\$ 6,316,156	\$	22,726,502	\$ 34,001,908	\$ 38,267,510	\$ 42,669,543
College's covered payroll	\$ 38,173,585	\$ 37,949,922	\$ 37,811,603	\$	37,883,972	\$ 41,650,413	\$ 41,155,423	\$ 41,032,987
College's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	-5.59%	21.57%	16.70%		59.99%	81.64%	92.98%	103.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	105.04%	83.09%	87.33%		59.44%	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year.

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

## MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

# Schedule of the College's Other Postemployment Benefits Contributions

			Years End	ed J	une 30			
	2024	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 3,051,200	\$ 2,898,042	\$ 2,949,234	\$	2,988,560	\$ 3,127,748	\$ 3,230,731	\$ 2,830,342
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions	(3,051,200)	(2,898,042)	(2,949,234)		(2,988,560)	(3,127,748)	(3,230,731)	(2,830,342)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 
College's covered payroll	\$ 39,424,074	\$ 37,573,950	\$ 37,598,083	\$	36,952,757	\$ 39,673,313	\$ 41,593,322	\$ 39,073,246
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.74%	7.71%	7.84%		8.09%	7.88%	7.77%	7.24%

Note: GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

## Pension Information

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal 2015.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2023 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic Plans and the Pension Plus Plan for the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic Plans and the Pension Plus Plan for the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic Plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan for the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic Plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus Plan for the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation.

#### **OPEB** Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedules of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

- 2023 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95% for the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15% for the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.



# Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2023)

	General Fund	Restricted Fund	Pension & OPEB Liabilities Fund	Auxiliary Fund	Plant Fund	Custodial Fund	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,825,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 797,785	\$ 11,609,437	\$ 318,968	\$ 20,551,364	\$ 26,442,820
Investments	12,043,649	_	-	-	26,479,991	-	38,523,640	17,829,315
Accounts receivable:								
Property taxes receivable, less allowance								
of \$104,000 (\$100,000 in 2023)	114,644	-	-	-	-	-	114,644	116,887
State appropriations receivable	3,327,980	1,300,570	-	-	-	-	4,628,550	4,035,325
Accounts receivable, less allowance								
of \$2,888,000 (\$2,110,000 in 2023)	2,243,845	2,165,903	-	25,103	21,399	-	4,456,250	4,138,464
Accrued interest receivable	308,163	-	-	-	-	-	308,163	230,187
Due from (to) other funds	933,691	(880,080)	-	(57,426)	3,815	-	-	-
Inventories	173,445	-	-	5,426	-	-	178,871	260,042
Prepaid and other assets	671,728	-	-	36,340	-	-	708,068	626,487
Total current assets	27,642,319	2,586,393	-	807,228	38,114,642	318,968	69,469,550	53,679,527
Noncurrent assets:								
Investments	37,173,699	-	-	-	-	_	37,173,699	29,439,360
Capital assets, net								
Land	-	_	-	-	2,086,937	_	2,086,937	2,086,937
Land improvements and infrastructure	-	_	-	-	3,860,982	_	3,860,982	4,575,644
Buildings and improvements	-	_	-	-	111,200,315	_	111,200,315	115,244,911
Equipment, furniture, and software	-	-	-	-	21,912,145	-	21,912,145	22,354,022
Library books	-	-	-	-	109,187	-	109,187	142,510
Subscription-based information								
technology arrangements	-	-	-	-	2,519,055	-	2,519,055	1,849,048
Other non-depreciable assets	-	-	-	-	142,510	-	142,510	121,876
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	5,277,300	-	5,277,300	3,480,835
Total noncurrent assets	37,173,699	-	-	-	147,108,431	-	184,282,130	179,295,143
Total assets	64,816,018	2,586,393	-	807,228	185,223,073	318,968	253,751,680	232,974,670
Deferred outflows of resources:								
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	-	-	158,300	_	158,300	211,356
Deferred OPEB amounts	-	-	7,077,603	-	-	_	7,077,603	10,140,291
Deferred pension amounts	-	-	33,112,596	-	-	_	33,112,596	41,879,385
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	-	40,190,199	-	158,300	-	40,348,499	52,231,032

# Combining Statement of Net Position (continued)

June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2023)

	General Fund	Restricted Fund	Pension & OPEB Liabilities Fund	Auxiliary Fund	Plant Fund	Custodial Fund	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$ 1,967,731	\$ 477,660	\$ -	\$ 239,474	\$ 524,569	\$ 1,327	\$ 3,210,761	\$ 3,227,126
Accrued expenses:								
Payroll and withholdings	3,503,048	1,334,722	-			910	4,838,680	4,450,842
Vacation	2,610,635	62,396	-			11,896	2,684,927	2,481,338
Interest payable	-	-	-		57,639	-	57,639	70,846
Deposits	70,898	-	-			304,835	375,733	399,010
Unearned revenue	2,345,916	711,615	-	427,630	-	-	3,485,161	3,596,319
Bonds payable, current portion	-	-	-		1,149,958	-	1,149,958	1,127,689
Subscription-based information technology								
arrangements, current portion	-	-	-		- 852,339	-	852,339	680,058
Lease obligation, current portion	-	-	-		105,993	-	105,993	99,164
Total current liabilities	10,498,228	2,586,393	-	667,104	2,690,498	318,968	16,761,191	16,132,392
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Bonds payable	-	-	-		2,380,785	-	2,380,785	3,530,744
Net OPEB liability	-	-	(2,135,407)			-	(2,135,407)	8,184,018
Net pension liability	-	-	119,315,642			-	119,315,642	143,505,933
Subscription-based information technology								
arrangements, net of current portion	-	-	-		934,703	-	934,703	731,082
Lease obligation, net of current portion		-	-		319,718	-	319,718	425,711
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	-	117,180,235		- 3,635,206	-	120,815,441	156,377,488
Total liabilities	10,498,228	2,586,393	117,180,235	667,104	6,325,704	318,968	137,576,632	172,509,880
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Deferred OPEB amounts	-	-	20,338,862			-	20,338,862	21,111,070
Deferred pension amounts	-	-	32,652,769			-	32,652,769	27,619,018
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	52,991,631			-	52,991,631	48,730,088
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	_		- 141,523,235	-	141,523,235	143,472,691
Unrestricted (deficit)	54,317,790	-	(129,981,667)	140,124	37,532,434	-	(37,991,319)	(79,506,957)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 54,317,790	\$ -	\$ (129,981,667)	\$ 140,124	\$ 179,055,669	\$ -	\$ 103,531,916	\$ 63,965,734

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, Transfers, and Changes in Net Position

## Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2023)

		<b>Current Funds</b>					Combin	ed Totals
	-	Restricted	Pension & OPEB	Auxiliary				
	General Fund	Fund	Liabilities Fund	Fund	Plant Fund	Eliminations	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Operating revenues								
Tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowance of \$5,953,632 (\$5,683,605 in 2023)	\$ 34,594,311	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,953,632)	\$ 28,640,679	\$ 26,820,394
Federal grants and contracts	-	4,041,765	-	-	-	-	4,041,765	2,797,030
State grants and contracts	-	978,060	-	-	-	-	978,060	883,095
Private grants and contracts	-	610,688	-	-	-	-	610,688	157,450
Sales and services of educational activities	180,941		-	-	-	-	180,941	167,618
Current fund expenditures for equipment								
and capital improvements	-	-	-	-	3,078,691	(3,078,691)	-	-
Auxiliary services	-	_	-	4,692,718	· · · · -	-	4,692,718	4,209,833
Other sources	8,581,008	62,645	-	· · · · -	-	-	8,643,653	7,090,395
Total operating revenues	43,356,260	5,693,158	-	4,692,718	3,078,691	(9,032,323)	47,788,504	42,125,815
Operating expenses								
Instruction	46,461,996	6,236,152	(9,119,977)	-	-	(1,219,993)	42,358,178	43,073,891
Technology	9,888,962	52,646	-	-	-	(1,166,509)	8,775,099	8,623,130
Public service	1,162,182	707,431	(78,409)	3,819,444	-	-	5,610,648	5,208,311
Instructional support	13,264,487	1,710,863	(1,843,367)	-	-	(221,003)	12,910,980	12,242,749
Student services and student aid	14,033,569	16,752,095	(1,652,726)	-	-	(6,026,450)	23,106,488	21,277,199
Institutional administration	12,876,101	721,462	(711,825)	-	-	(279,873)	12,605,865	11,418,091
Physical plant operations	13,608,947	1,138,986	(1,967,897)	-	1,341,305	(118,495)	14,002,846	13,161,051
Depreciation and amortization		-	-	-	10,511,619	=	10,511,619	9,908,008
Total operating expenses	111,296,244	27,319,635	(15,374,201)	3,819,444	11,852,924	(9,032,323)	129,881,723	124,912,430
Operating income (loss)	(67,939,984)	(21,626,477)	15,374,201	873,274	(8,774,233)	-	(82,093,219)	(82,786,615)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Federal grant - Pell award	-	14,231,217	-	-	-	-	14,231,217	12,660,189
Federal grant – HEERF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,188
State appropriations	19,864,817	7,153,135	3,044,495	-	-	-	30,062,447	23,168,041
Property taxes	69,007,471	-	-	-	-	-	69,007,471	64,786,264
Investment and interest income	4,018,173	-	-	-	-	-	4,018,173	2,380,961
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	586,953	-	-	-	-	-	586,953	(891,337)
Loss on disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	(54,722)	-	(54,722)	-
Interest on capital asset – related debt		-	-	-	(232,153)	-	(232,153)	(244,516)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	93,477,414	21,384,352	3,044,495	-	(286,875)	-	117,619,386	101,911,790
Income (loss) before other revenues	25,537,430	(242,125)	18,418,696	873,274	(9,061,108)	-	35,526,167	19,125,175
Other revenues								
State capital appropriations	-	-	-	-	3,949,900	-	3,949,900	-
Capital grants		-	-	-	90,115	-	90,115	1,150,000
Total other revenues		-	-	-	4,040,015	-	4,040,015	1,150,000
Increase (decrease) in net position – before transfers	25,537,430	(242,125)	18,418,696	873,274	(5,021,093)	-	39,566,182	20,275,175
Transfers (out) in	(22,569,800)	242,125	-	(750,000)	23,077,675	-	-	-
Net increase in net position	2,967,630	=	18,418,696	123,274	18,056,582	-	39,566,182	20,275,175
Net position, beginning of year	51,350,160	-	(148,400,363)	16,850	160,999,087	=	63,965,734	43,690,559
Net position, end of year	\$ 54,317,790	\$ -	\$ (129,981,667)	\$ 140,124	\$ 179,055,669	\$ -	\$ 103,531,916	\$ 63,965,734